



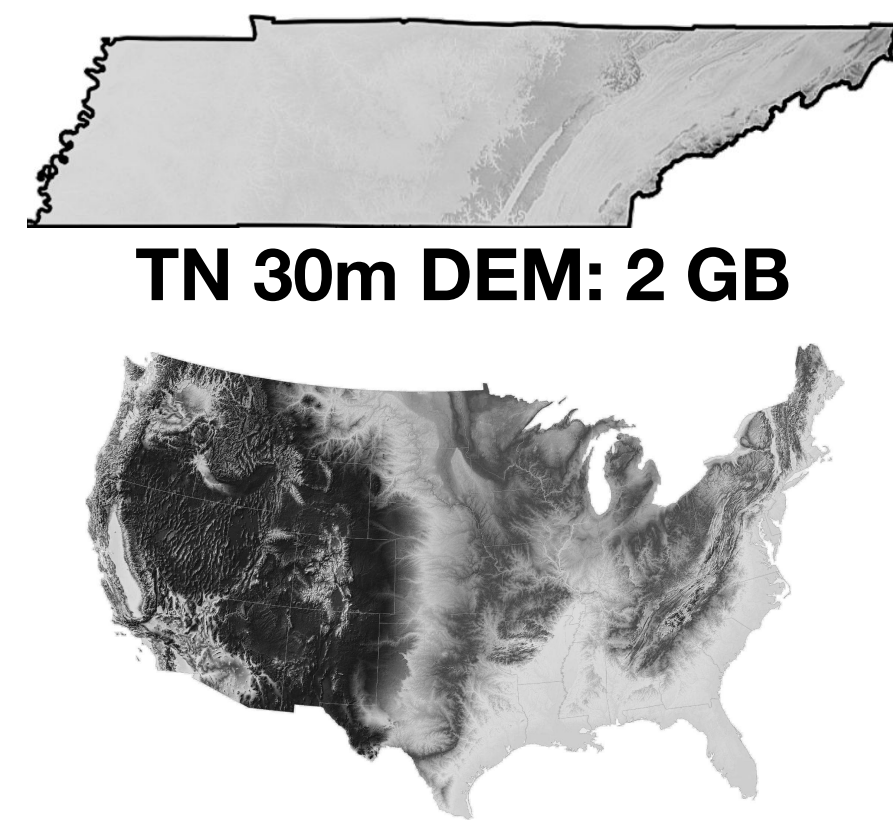
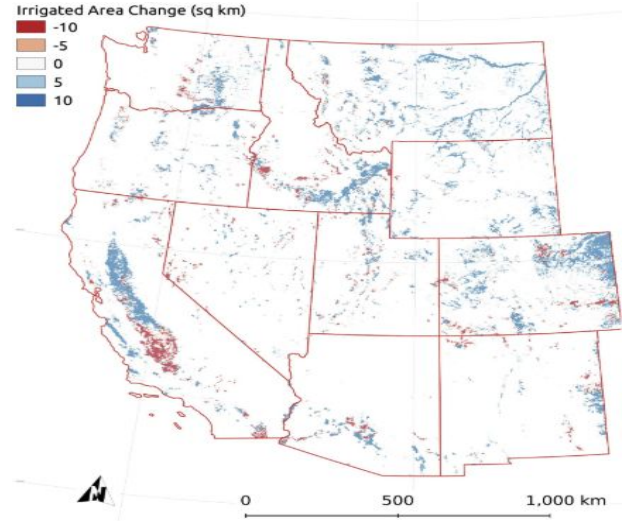
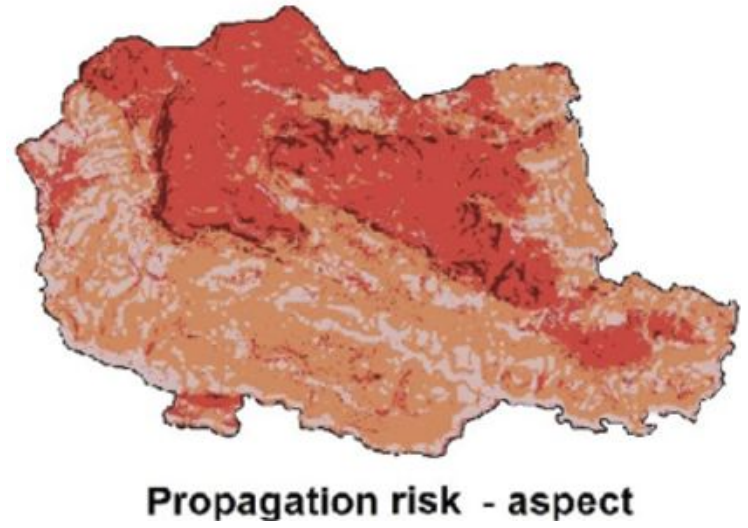
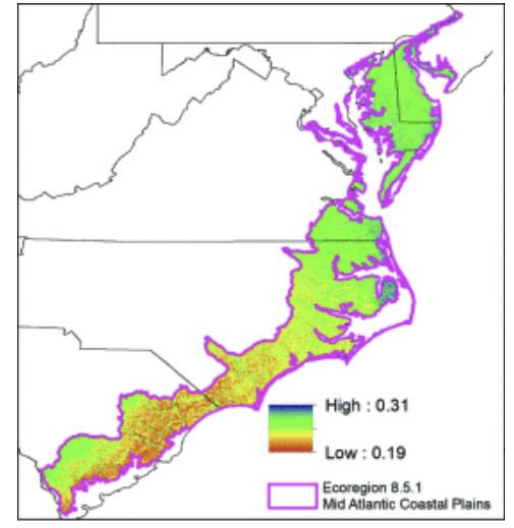
Scalable and Optimized Terrain Parameter Computation with the GEOtiled Framework



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Motivation

Scientists use **terrain parameters** (e.g. elevation, slope, aspect) in their analysis of various Earth Science studies, such as soil moisture prediction, fire propagation zoning, and hydrology mapping.



CONUS 10m DEM: 380 GB

Problem: Higher resolution DEMs have larger file sizes, causing existing GIS libraries to compute parameters much slower.

GDAL

- + Fast
- Does not scale
- Computes few terrain parameters
- Designed for data abstraction

SAGA

- Slow
- Does not scale
- + Computes more terrain parameters
- + Implements geoscientific algorithms

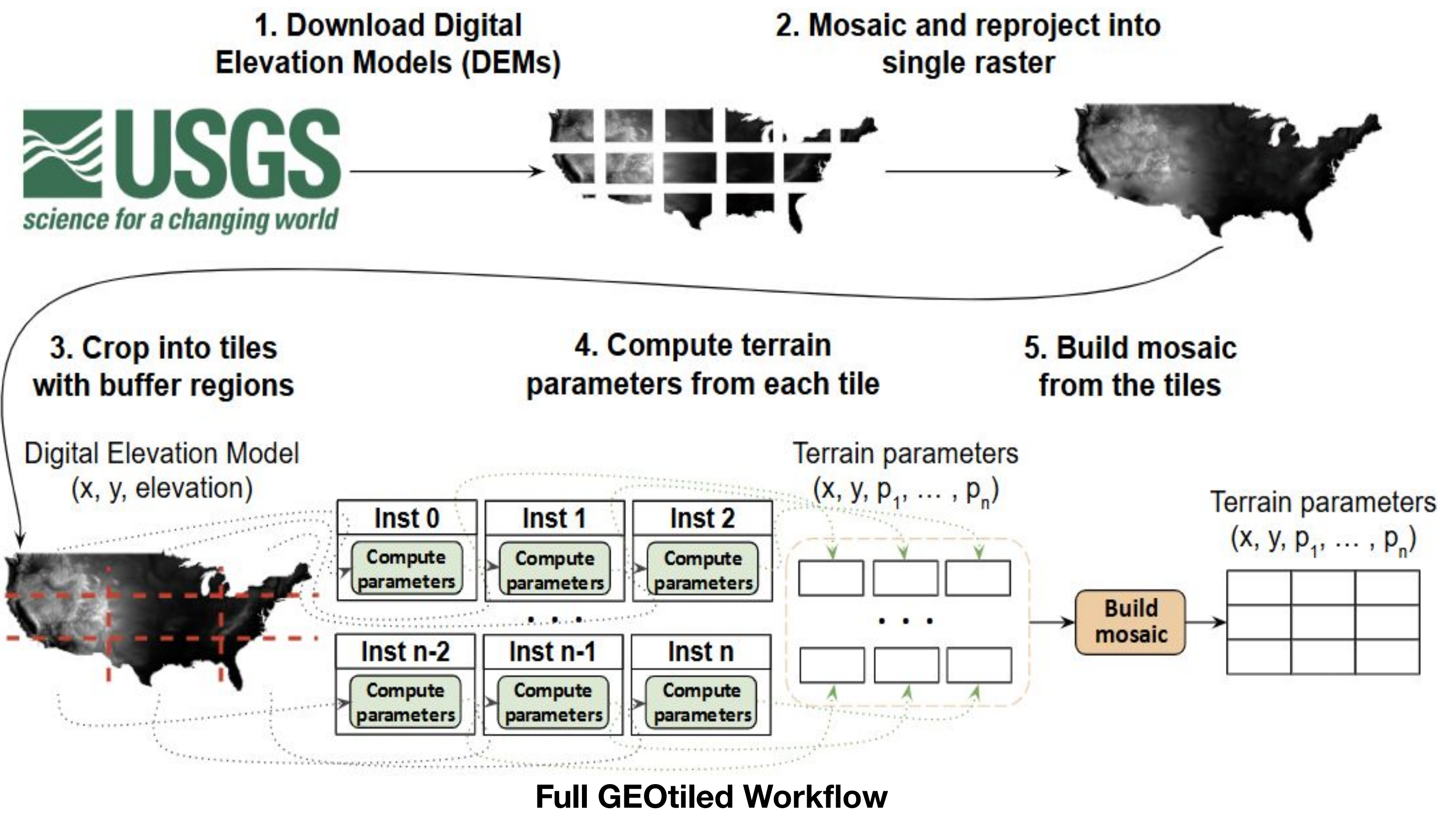
Our Solution:

We update GEOtiled – a workflow that integrates GDAL and SAGA libraries to provide rapid, scalable computation of terrain parameters by leveraging data decomposition and parallel computation – to GEOtiled 2.0

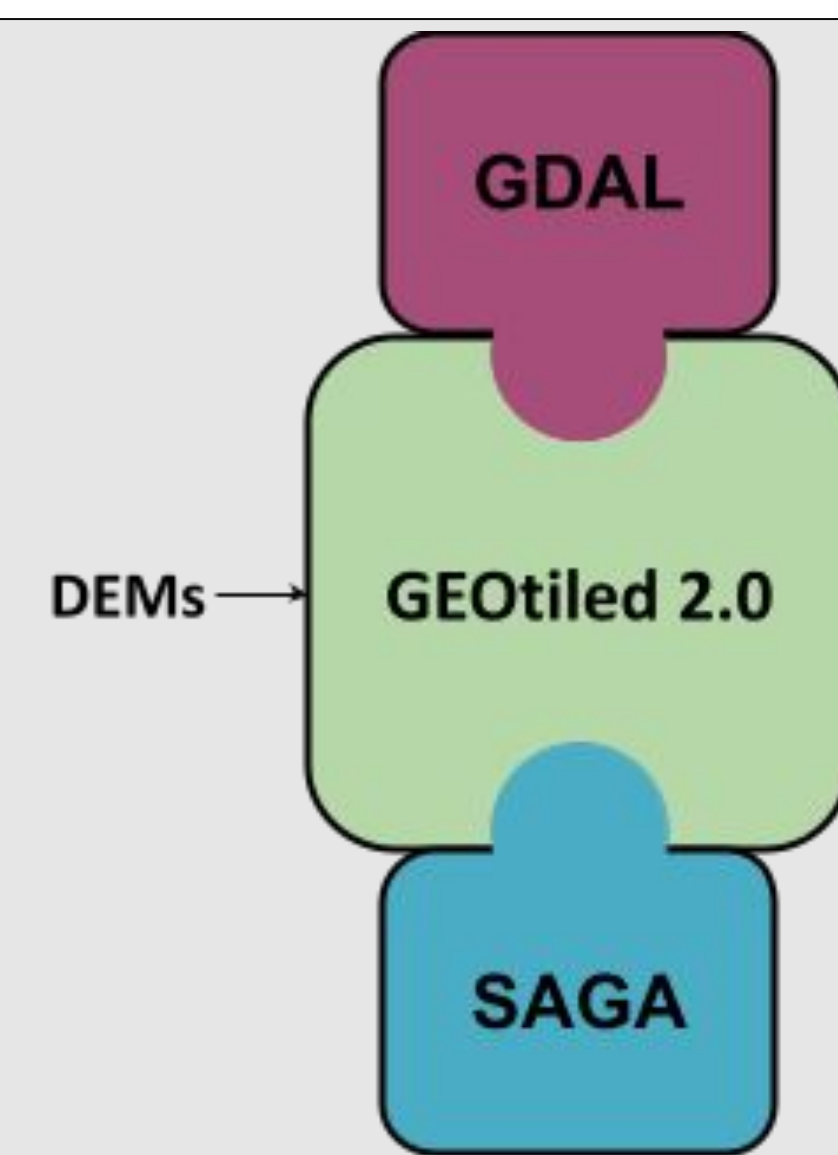
Our optimizations include:

- Parallelizing the crop procedure for scalable computation
- Updating the mosaic algorithm to a better performing one
- Unifying parallel processes in the workflow to minimize overhead

GEOtiled Framework

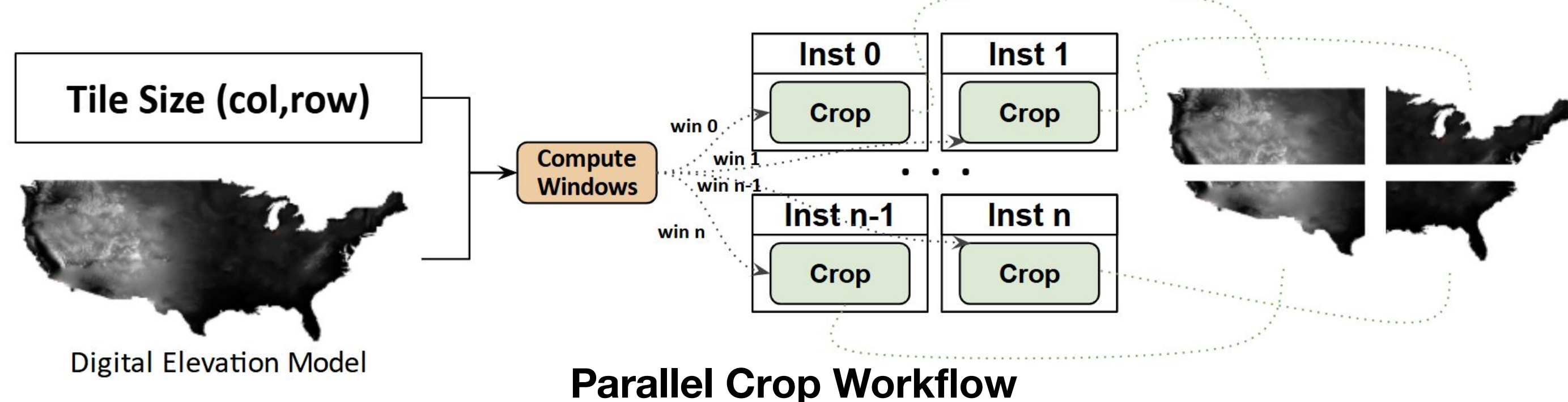


GEOtiled 2.0



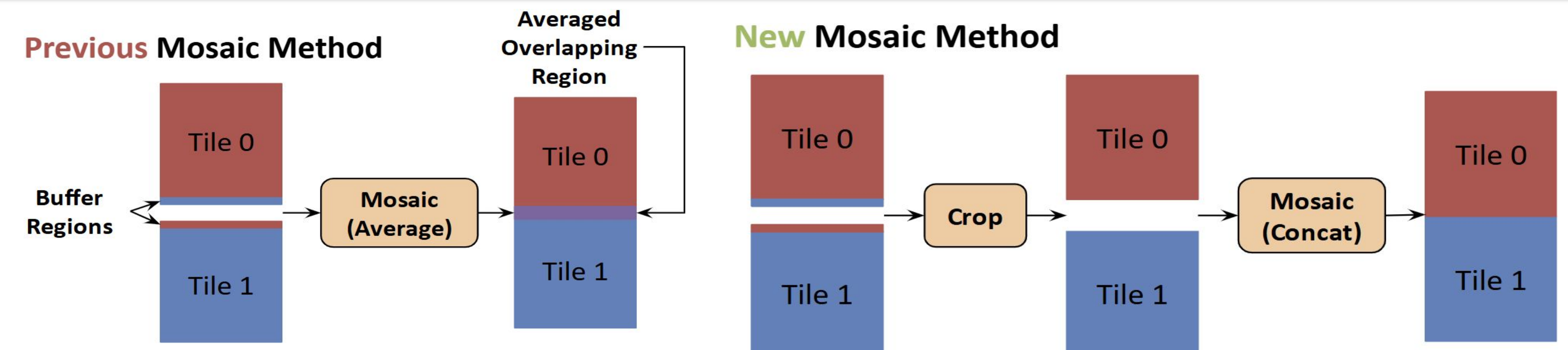
- Gives the option to choose between GDAL or SAGA for computing parameters
- Computes 5 times more parameters than GDAL with the SAGA addition
- Decreases the computational cost incurred with the SAGA library

Optimization 1: Concurrent Cropping



We parallelize the crop method by first computing each tile's bounds, i.e., windows. Tiles are then cropped concurrently from the input DEM for every window.

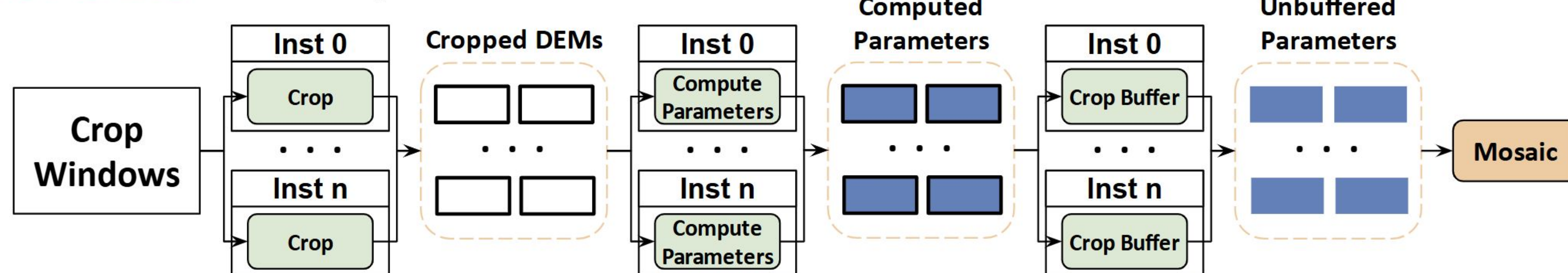
Optimization 2: Updated Mosaic Procedure



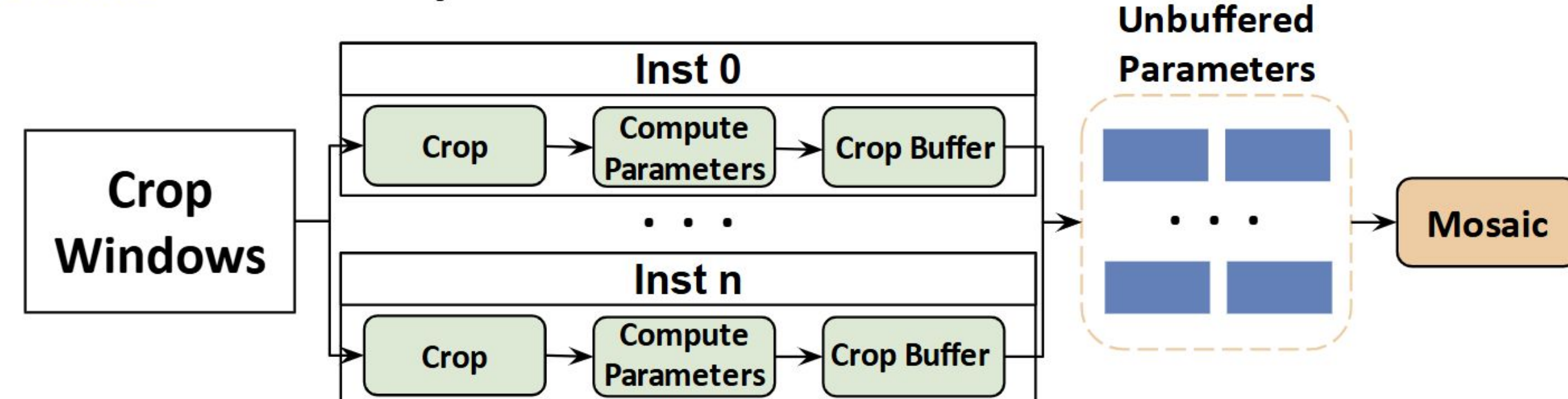
The previous mosaic process averages overlapping regions, but since these buffers have copied and not shared data, we crop the regions in parallel and concatenate the tiles together.

Optimization 3: Unified Parallel Processes

Non-Unified Concurrency

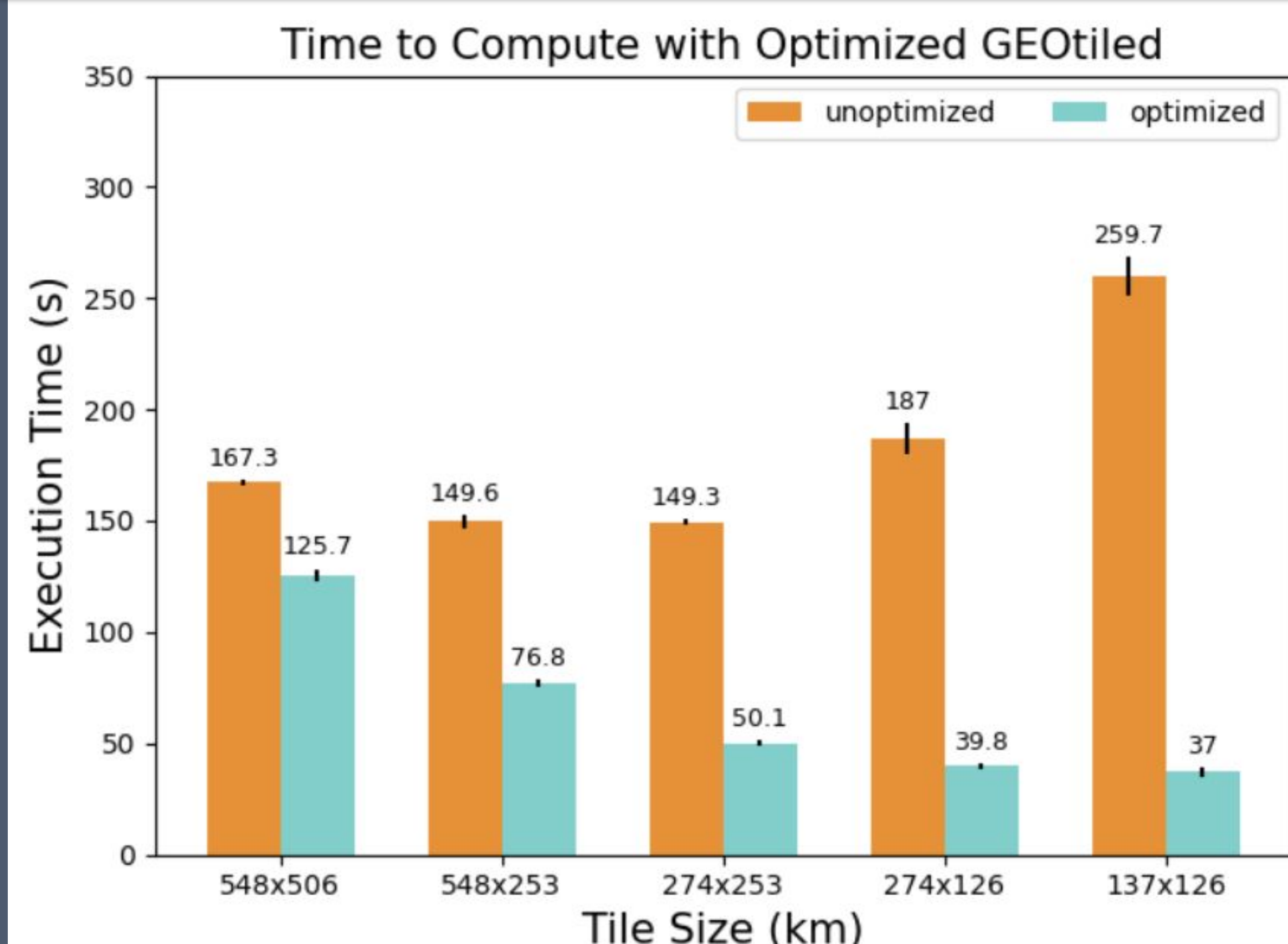


Unified Concurrency



To minimize overheads from process spawning, we perform the previous two optimizations in a process pool.

Optimization Results



Experimental Setup

Tile Size (km)	Concurrent Processes
548 x 506	2
548 x 253	4
274 x 126	8
274 x 126	16
137 x 126	32

Parameter: Slope
Input Data Size: 2 GB

Our optimizations give GEOtiled 2.0 consistent **scaling performance** and up to **~7x speedup** compared to no optimization.

Future Work

- Implement SAGA's remaining terrain parameter algorithms into GEOtiled 2.0, giving it greater applicability to other Earth Science domains
- Optimize memory usage by mitigating the file I/O in the intermediary steps (i.e., Steps 3 and 4) of GEOtiled 2.0

References

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GEOtiled software is available on:

