Containerized Environment for Reproducibility and Traceability of Scientific Workflows

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Problem Overview

- Scientific domains use simulations to understand and predict natural phenomena
- Trusting the output of these simulations is vital for the scientists
- Trust requires reproducibility, replicability, transparency and traceability of the simulation process and its results

Hypothesis: Annotating the workflow execution at system-level provides a way to ensure reproducibility, replicability, transparency and traceability of simulations

- When we annotate the execution at system-level, we are able to build the record trail of data moving across the workflow
- This record trail of data includes every workflow component used to generate the new data (e.g., input datasets, applications, and parameter values)

Our Solution: a Containerized Environment

Leverage cutting edge container technologies to address metadata from the OS level to build the record trail and ensure the reproduction and traceability of scientific workflows

- Create an application-agnostic containerized environment
- Capture workflow record trails at runtime

Why container technology?

- Portability: Immutable applications machine-agnostic
- Isolation: namespaces
- Encapsulation: sif format
- Unique identification: UUID

Why Singularity?

Info: file name, UUIDs,

creation + modification date

- Reproducible software stacks
- Compatibility with complex architectures

- Mobility of compute
- Security model

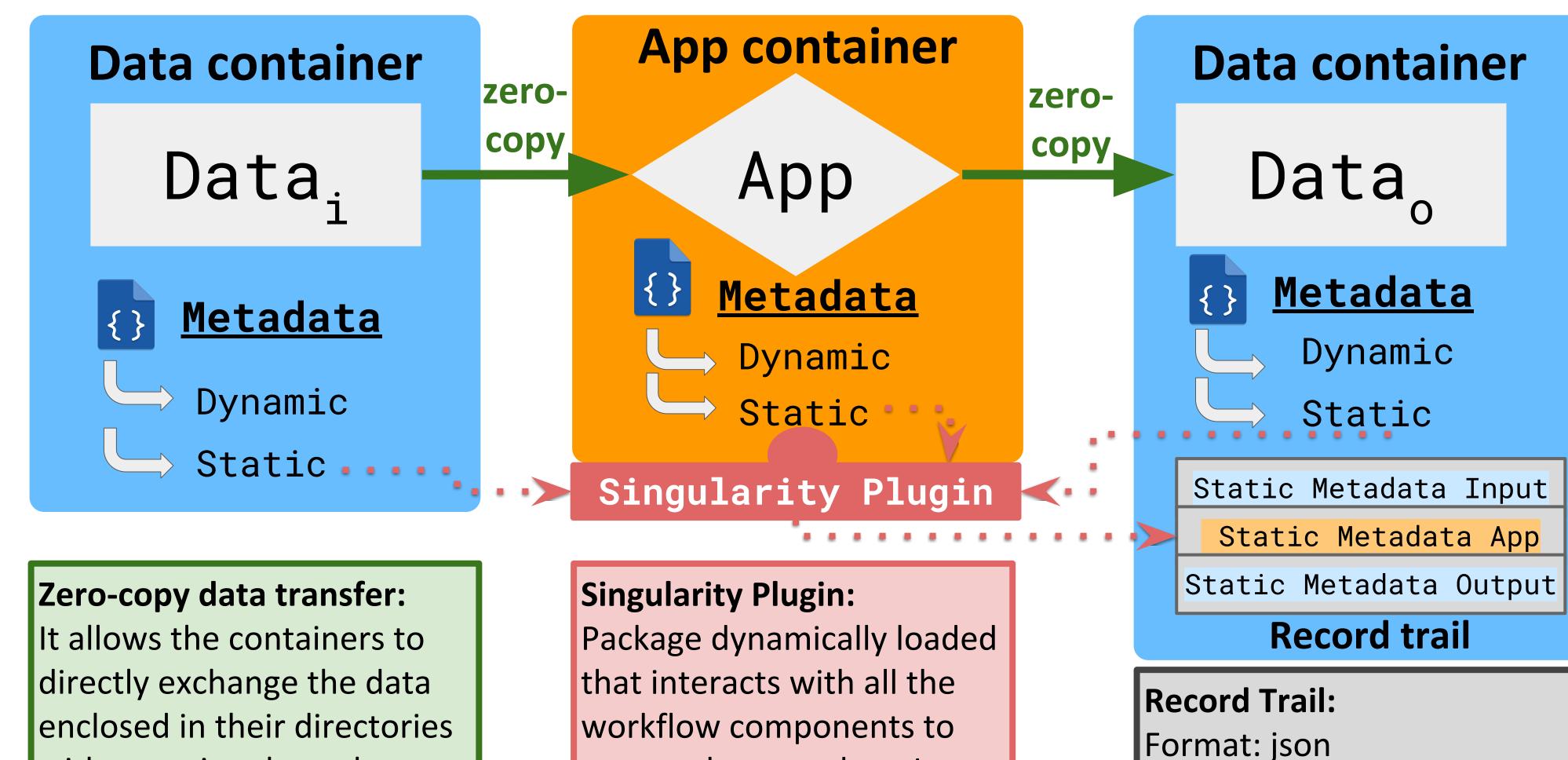
Data Container: Data compressed and added as a single and independent partition

App Container:

System with specific software stack built from recipe and added as a single and independent partition

For more information, please visit the following link:





extract the metadata. It

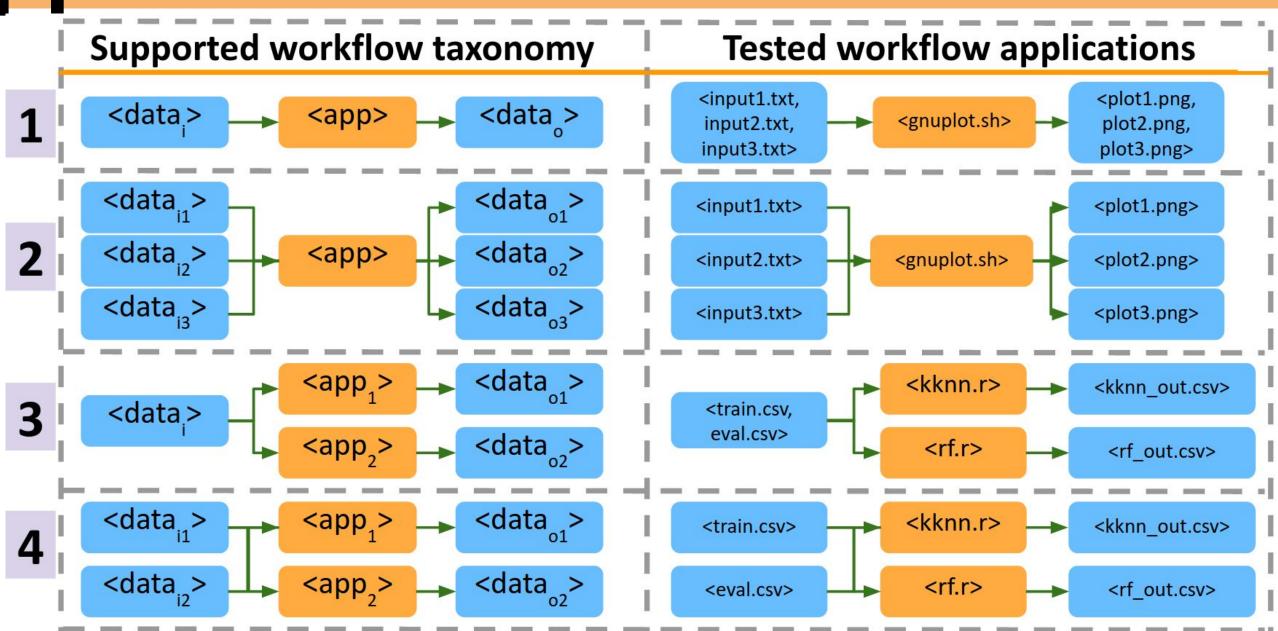
builds and allocates the

record trail

Supported Workflows

We implement our prototype to support four workflows with two base applications:

- Visualization applications
- ML applications



Costs: Time and Memory

Execution Time: Measure average wall-clock over 500 executions for workflow 4

With a more complex and larger application like the RF model the wall-clock time is tolerable (0.7% overhead)

Space Overhead: Size of the workflow components (e.g., data and applications)

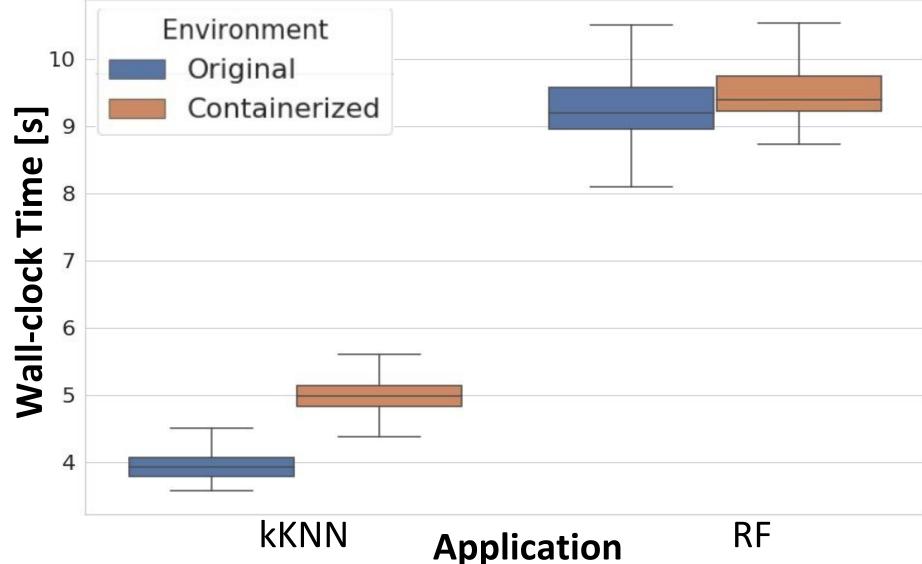
 Analyze overhead introduced by data and application containers size

Data container includes:

- O Data files (i.e., Inputs, outputrf.csv, and outputkknn.csv)
- Workflow metadata (i.e. metadata.json)

| | | Original Wor | kflow | Containerized Workflow | | |
|--|---|----------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| | 3 | File | Size [KB] | File | Size [KB] | |
| | | Inputs | 12,072 | inputs.sif | 14,368 | |
| | | outputkknn.csv | 2,264 | kknn_output.sif | 4,132 | |
| | | outputrf.csv | 2,264 | rf_output.sif | 4,132 | |

The **space overhead** for **data containers** is ~2 MB, caused by the filesystem used



Application container includes:

- Application executable (i.e., gnuplotScript.sh)
- SW package includes system tools, system libraries, and settings (i.e., Ubuntu, gnuplot)

| | Original Wo | rkflow | Containerized Workflow | | |
|---|------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | File | Size [KB] | File | | Size [KB] |
| 1 | gnuplotScript.sh | 4 | app.sif | gnuPlotScript.sh | 4 |
| _ | gnuplot | 139 | | gnuplot | 139 |
| | Ubuntu 16.04 | >40000 | | Ubuntu 16.04 | 153,000 |

The app container space overhead is driven by the software stack and OS

Conclusions

Our containerized environment supports:

- No modification of the applications
- Zero-copy transfer of data between containers
- Record trail of different scenarios for workflow metadata
- Metadata attached to dataflow
- Tolerable overhead as workflow complexity increases

Future Work

- Leverage our containerized environment for a broader range of workflows
- Expand containers with automatic set-up, retrieved, and enabled reproducibility of the workflow



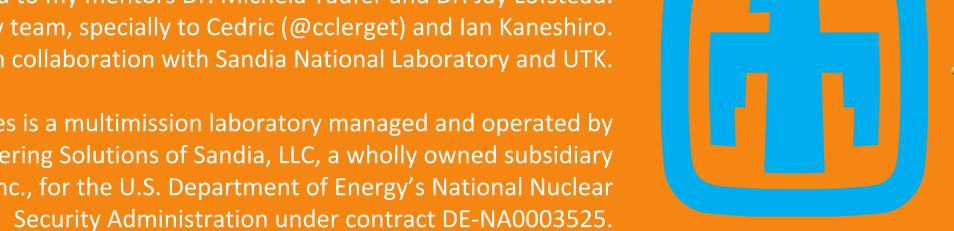
without going through

external storage

additional steps involving

Acknowledgements

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